



I'm not an expert on this!

Universities need suggestions to help reduce (not stop completely) aviation emissions - hence the formation of NZUATC

A sensitive topic



(At least) three fears of never flying again:

- The 'reduction in aviation emissions' is actually about budgetary restraints;
- Greenies have taken over Universities; and,
- Targetting staff that fly too much

NZUATC



TAURANGA

- established in 2020 by Massey University to address current high carbon university mobility practices;
- on current projections, the 1.5°C target in the Paris Agreement is incompatible with conventional aviation continuing past 2050;
- frequent long-distance flying, however, is a well-established part of academic research and network building;
- the NZUATC was formed as a collective voice to coordinate and advise on academic flying policies and practices.

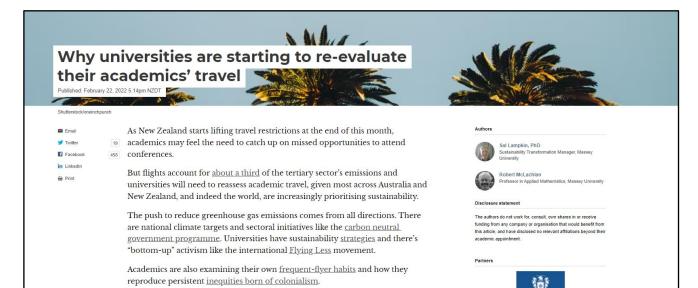
Terms of Reference



2. To work with institutional sustainability offices at New Zealand universities, to provide academic perspectives on mitigation measures. The activities of the network will extend to advising UNZ and hence, indirectly, the New Zealand government, and other relevant organisations

Now is the time for us to provide Universities with suggestions to help avoid a return to frequent flying by hypermobile academics





TAURANGA



Our advice is needed now



- Waikato experience
 - Looking to this group for advise and back-up
 - Leaders / managers want a range of options to present to staff
 - There's a lot of research let's present some of it as options to Universities in Aotearoa

Some options....



TAURANGA



An evaluation of approaches to reduce staff air travel emissions: A Griffith University case study

Author

Ryley, Tim, Caldera, Helessage, Spasojevic Sijacki, Bojana, Whittlesea, Emma

Published

2021

Conference Title

24TH Air Transport Research Society (ATRS) World Conference

Version

Version of Record (VoR)

ABSTRACT

With increasing climate change concerns, there are calls for action to reduce aviation greenhouse gas emissions. Universities are responsible for a significant level of air travel and this study evaluates approaches to reduce aviation emissions at Griffith University. The research involved consultation with the Griffith University community. A series of semi-structured interviews with ten relevant Griffith University stakeholders and a week-long immersive digital discussion with 52 Griffith University staff using the digital platform Recollective, were conducted.

University air travel is increasingly coming under the spotlight and a range of technological solutions are emerging such as virtual conferences. Given the complexity of the situation, there does not exist an off-the-shelf handbook of technical solutions. Some universities are looking to implement air travel polices and there are some initial university appraisals, but a deeper investigation of existing and emergent solutions makes this work an original contribution.

Research findings are grouped according to six key themes: 1) Targets for reducing aviation emissions; 2) A long-term net zero carbon culture with staff buy-in; 3) Technologically advanced teaching and research practice; 4) Travel related data and aviation emission monitoring; 5) A travel booking system prioritising low carbon opportunities; and 6) Institutional barriers to change.



Themes

- 2) A long-term net zero carbon culture with staff buy-in;
- 3) Technologically advanced teaching and research practice;
- 5) A travel booking system prioritising low carbon opportunities; and

6) Institutional barriers to change.

Literature shows



TAURANGA

Table 1: Key findings from select university sustainability policy documents

Institution	Key findings
Lund University	 Decision tree for academic travel. Pursue a long-term strategy to reduce aviation emissions through investigating opportunities for an internal fund to finance international low carbon travel.
University of East Anglia	 Climate change, energy and transport: Minimise consumption of non-renewable energy and emissions of greenhouse gases. Unlocking the potential of green initiatives is the key to achieving the dramatic reduction in CO₂ emissions we saw during lockdown. Lockdown measures in response to the COVID-19 crisis led to a temporary 17% drop in global carbon emissions. Aviation emissions – accounted for a 10% decrease in emissions during the pandemic (this economic sector was most impacted by the lockdown but only accounts for 3% of global emissions).
University of Zurich	 Regulatory measure: carbon taxes, systematic monitoring and reporting. Non-regulatory measures: cultural aspects, awareness raising. Changes in enabling conditions: video conferencing & tools to compare travel options. Compensation schemes.

Summary of key measures

3. Implement compulsory sustainability training to

4. Encouraging and incorporating technical

platforms for data sharing, data transferring and

improve critical literacy

data analysis



TAURANGA

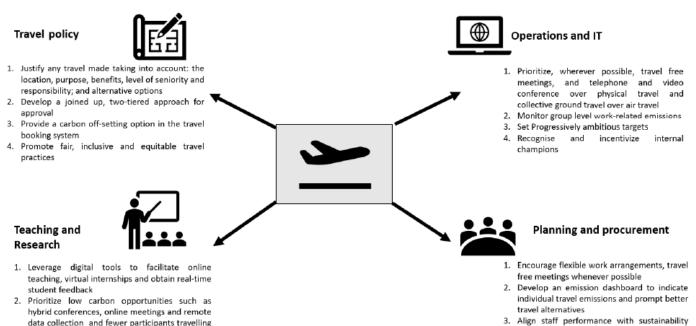


Figure 1: Summary of key measures emerged through the recollective study (Source: Original from the study)

KO TE TANGATA • FOR THE PEOPLE THE UNIVERSITY OF WAIKATO

measures to enable group level commitment

opportunities through transparent local

procurement

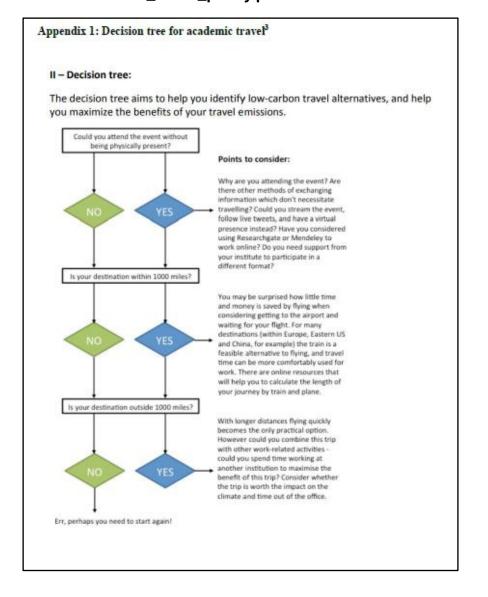
sustainable

suppliers, and life cycle assessments

to reduce aviation emissions

4. Explore

https://www.lucsus.lu.se/sites/lucsus.lu.se/files/lucsus_travel_policy.pdf





TAURANGA

questions



TAURANGA

- My question to us, is, are we ready to construct and release a statement that contains multiple suggestions (bold and gentle) for Universities to manage academics' flying frequency?
- As the borders open, we need to move fast.

